

## Словарь по агрономии и почвоведению

<http://glossary-of-terms.ru/?do=g&v=369>

Русский	Английский
агрегированная	aggregated
агроном по удобрениям	agricultural chemist
агрочвоведение	agricultural soil science
агропри	agricultural practice
агротехнический прием	cultural practice
агротехнический уровень обработки почв	agrotechnical level of tilling
агрохимик	agricultural chemist
амбарный насекомое вредитель	storage pest
арендованная земля	leased land
аридность	aridity
атмосферное загрязнение	air pollutio
аттестация сортности	variety certificatio
азрировать	aerate To introduce air into soil or water by natural or artificial means.
беззаморозковый	frostproof date
безотвальная вспашка	boardless plowing
безотвальное рыхление	subsurface loosening
беянка капустная	cabbage white butterfly
бескосточковый	seedless
беспримесность	purity
бессемянный	seedless
бессменная культура	monoculture An environment that has a single species of animal or plant dominant, usually associated with the artificial environments created by intensive agriculture
биологически активная почва	active soil
бобово	legume-grass
бобовый суглинок	leguminous loam
боковая плеть	lateral Поперечный; боковой
болотистая почва	bog Wet, soft, and spongy ground, where the soil is composed mainly of decayed and decaying vegetable matter.
бороздовая сеялка	furrow planter
бороздоделатель	furrow-making device
бороновать	drag 1. The resisting force exerted on an aircraft in its line of flight opposite in direction to its motion. compare thrust. 2. Single sled used in dragging logs. one end of the log rests on the sled, the other drags on the ground (22). 3. The resistance to movement caused by oil viscosity. 4. Лобовое сопротивление

<b>бренд</b>	brand Log mark used to identify logs (17).
<b>брит</b>	keep 1. Hold, retain, withhold, preserve, maintain, sustain, support 2. Хранить
<b>букетировка</b>	thinning 1. Cuttings made in immature stands in order to stimulate the growth of the trees that remain and to increase the total yield of useful material from the stand (25). 2. Утончение
<b>букетировщик</b>	thinner
<b>в живом организме</b>	in vivo Within a living organism or body. for example, some toxicity testing is done on whole animals, such as rats or mice [compare with in vitro].
<b>в огромном количестве</b>	liberally ad
<b>в пробирке</b>	in vitro In an artificial environment outside a living organism or body. for example, some toxicity testing is done on cell cultures or slices of tissue grown in the laboratory, rather than on a living animal [compare with in vivo].
<b>в указанном порядке</b>	respectively
<b>в условиях</b>	under conditio
<b>валовой сбор</b>	bulk yield
<b>валовой урожай</b>	gross yield
<b>валок сжатого хлеба или скошенной травы</b>	wind row
<b>вводить в культуру</b>	bring under cultivatio
<b>величина зерна</b>	kernel size
<b>верхний горизонт</b>	top soil
<b>верхний пахотный слой почвы</b>	top soil
<b>верховое болото</b>	bog Wet, soft, and spongy ground, where the soil is composed mainly of decayed and decaying vegetable matter.
<b>верхушка растений</b>	crown 1. The center area of a tire's tread. 2. Upper part of a tree, including the branches and foliage (28). 3. The top of the piston in an internal combustion engine above the fire ring, exposed to direct flame impingement. 4. Part of the restoration that appears as a natural tooth. 5. Corona 6. 1. the top part of a tooth above the level of the gums 2. an artificial top attached to a tooth 3. the top part of the head verb to put an artificial crown on a tooth
<b>весьма важный</b>	essential (жизненно) важный, первой необходимости
<b>ветрозащитное насаждение</b>	wind belt
<b>вечнозеленое растение</b>	evergree
<b>вечнозеленый</b>	evergree

<b>вещество в пылеобразном состоянии</b>	dust 1. Poussière 2. Пыль (метеосообщение) 3. Duststorm 4. A great enhancer of atmosphere with a little wind and back light and considerable care to protect the camera.
<b>взрослое растение</b>	adult plant
<b>видоизменяться</b>	differentiate
<b>виды на урожай</b>	further yield
<b>вирусоподобный</b>	viruslike
<b>вкусовая привлекательность</b>	palatability
<b>внедрение химикатов</b>	chemicalization
<b>внесение навоза</b>	dunging
<b>внесение посевного материала</b>	inoculation The action of inoculating someone has the baby had a diphtheria inoculation?
<b>внесение удобрений</b>	fertilization Fertilizaci&#243;n
<b>вносить изменения</b>	alter Кастрировать, холостить, подвергать хирургическому вмешательству
<b>вносить удобрение</b>	fertilize
<b>вода</b>	water 1. A transparent, odorless, tasteless liquid, a compound of hydrogen and oxygen, h <sub>2</sub> o, freezing at 0°c and boiling at 100°c, that in a more or less impure state constitutes rain, oceans, lakes, rivers, etc.; it contains 11.188% hydrogen and 88.812% 2. Bound - the water weakly chemically bound in the cell walls of wood. 3. Вода; водяной 4. 1. the liquid essential to life which makes up a large part of the body can i have a glass of water please? they suffered dehydration from lack of water. water on the knee fluid in the knee joint under the kneecap, caused by a blow on the knee 2. urine (informal ) he passed a lot of water during the night. she noticed blood streaks in her water. the nurse asked him to give a sample of his water. plural
<b>водоохранное мероприятие</b>	water control practice
<b>водоудерживающая способность</b>	water-holding capacity
<b>воздействие на что</b>	influence Влияние
<b>воздействовать на что</b>	affect smth
<b>возделываемая культура</b>	cultivated crop
<b>возделывание пропашных культур</b>	row crop productio
<b>возделывание с</b>	farming
<b>вольный севооборот</b>	free crop rotatio
<b>ворошить и сушить сено</b>	make hay
<b>воскование</b>	waxing In a finished piece of marble intended for interior use, the filling of cavities with materials patterned and colored to match.
<b>восстановление дерна</b>	turf recovery

<b>впитывающая почва</b>	absorptive soil
<b>вспахать</b>	plow
<b>вспышка болезни</b>	outbreak A series of cases of a disease which starts suddenly there was an outbreak of typhoid fever or a typhoid outbreak.
<b>второй урожай</b>	aftercrop
<b>выбор времени</b>	timing 1. Система отсчета времени 2. Согласование сроков (работ сетевого графика)
<b>выветривать</b>	erode
<b>выгонка рассады</b>	seedling productio
<b>выделение отделов</b>	partitioning Расчленение
<b>выдержанный</b>	mellow
<b>вызывающие порчу</b>	microorganisms In paint technology, bacteria and fungi which are harmful to liquid paint and dry paint films. bactericides and fungicides are added to paints to inhibit the growth of these organisms.
<b>выкашивание</b>	scythe
<b>выколашивание</b>	earring
<b>выкорч</b>	uproot
<b>выкошенный</b>	mown-out
<b>выпадение осадков</b>	precipitation 1. Any and all forms of water particles, liquid or solid, that fall from the atmosphere and reach the surface. 2. Осадки , рсг payload changeout room помещение для замены полезной нагрузки (mb к а) 3. Any condensed water falling from the atmosphere to the surface of the earth. common types include rain, snow, sleet, and hail. 4. At a given location, the total measurable supply of water received directly as rain, snow, hail, or sleet; usually expressed in inches (millimeters) per day, month, or year. 5. The action of forming a precipitate
<b>выпадение росы</b>	dewfall
<b>выполненность зерна</b>	grain fill
<b>выращенные в питомнике</b>	nursery seedlings
<b>выращивание с</b>	crop productio
<b>выращивание трав</b>	grass productio
<b>вырождение сорта</b>	variety degeneratio
<b>вырубка леса</b>	deforestation
<b>высадка в грунт</b>	bedding-out
<b>высаживание</b>	bedding-out
<b>высевать сверх нормы</b>	overseed
<b>высевающий аппарат</b>	distributor 1. Пункт кабельной системы, служащий для организации сетевых окончаний линейных кабелей. 2. Распределитель  drill 1. (crop science) a farm implement for planting seeds which forms a small furrow, deposits the seed in dribbles, covers the seed, and packs soil over it. it can also deposit fertilizer, lime, or other amendments into the soil, alone or with the seed.

	<p>2. A designed shot or routine used for practice</p> <p>3. Тренировка; упражнение; освоение</p> <p>4. A tool which rotates very rapidly to make a hole, especially a surgical instrument used in dentistry to remove caries verb to make a hole with a drill a small hole is drilled in the skull. the dentist drilled one of her molars.</p>
<b>высевки</b>	offal
<b>высоко ценимый</b>	valuable
<b>высокогумусный черноз</b>	black chernozem
<b>высококачественный</b>	<p>high-quality</p> <p>Высококачественный</p> <p>fine</p> <p>1. Fighter inertial navigation equipment</p> <p>2. Narrow (fine) in appearance from the vantage point of a lookout or other person viewing activity in the vicinity of a ship, e.g., another ship off the starboard bow with her bow or stern facing the viewer's ship could be described as "fine on the starboard bow" of the viewer's ship.</p> <p>3. Штраф</p>
<b>высокоскоростные лопасти</b>	high-speed blades
<b>высокоурожайный год</b>	high yield year
<b>выставлять на свет</b>	expose
<b>вытянувшийся</b>	<p>draw</p> <p>1. The amount of progress billings on a contract that is currently available to a contractor under a contract with a fixed payment schedule.</p> <p>2. Bottom spin (backspin) put on the cue ball by a draw shot</p> <p>3. A game that ends with a tied score.</p> <p>4. A step during the optical fiber manufacturing process in which a consolidated preform is loaded into a high temperature furnace and "drawn down" to the diameter of an optical fiber's cladding, then cooled</p>
<b>выход готовой продукции</b>	<p>yield</p> <p>1. Amount of product output recovered from a quantity of raw material input in forest product industries.</p> <p>2. Выход (продукции), добыча, дебит.</p> <p>3. The roa on a specific transaction.</p> <p>4. Доходность - доход по ценной бумаге, выраженный в процентном отношении к рыночной цене актива;</p> <p>5. Производительность, см. productivity; efficiency</p> <p>6. The percentage of completed splices or assemblies that pass specifications and are good the first time. the higher the yield (e.g., 95%), the greater the installed cost benefit</p> <p>7. Number of final size pieces you can get from a parent size sheet.</p> <p>8. Выход годных</p>
<b>выход зел</b>	fresh yield
<b>вьющееся растение</b>	<p>climbing plant</p> <p>vine</p> <p>A plant whose stem is not self-supporting. vinette, trayle, vignette an ornament of running vine scrolls with grape clusters and leafwork.</p>
<b>газонокосилка</b>	<p>grasscutter</p> <p>scythe</p>
<b>газы с тепличным</b>	greenhouse gases
<b>гербицид избирательного действия</b>	selective weedkiller
<b>гербицид общего действия</b>	total weedkiller
<b>гербицидная обработка</b>	<p>zero tillage</p> <p>no till</p>

гидропонная установка	hydroponic plant
гидропонный	hydroponic
гидропонный стеллаж	hydroponic bed
глубина вспашки	tilth
глубокая вспашка	deep plowing
гниение пищевых и скоропортящихся продуктов	spoilage
головня зерен	kernel smut
горшечная рассада	potted plant
график орошения	irrigation timetable
грибковый	fungous
грубая предварительная обработка	rough tillage
грунтовая культура	bedding plant Homogénéisation (installation)
гумусовая	muck soil
густота	density 1. Stand density 2. As applied to timber, density is the mass of wood substance and moisture enclosed within a piece expressed in kilograms per cubic meter. as the mass will vary dependant on the amount of moisture in the piece, density is often expressed at a specified mois 3. The weight per unit volume of a substance. 4. The ability of a material to absorb light; the darker it is, the higher the density. 5. The mass of a unit volume of a substance. its numerical value varies with the units used. 6. Плотность 7. Плотность; концентрация; удельный вес 8. A measure of how tightly packed the atoms of a substance are. measured in grams per cubic centimeter. varies by the mineral or substance. for example, gold has a high density, while quartz has a low density. see also "specific gravity." 9. The weight of cargo per cubic foot or other unit. 10. In general terms, the measure of the light-gathering power of silver or dye deposits in film. also, the buildup of silver that creates the image in film and paper. a "dense" negative or slide is more opaque than a "thin" one. there is an ideal density for film, one that yields good prints or slides; too little density usually means that the film was underexposed (or underdeveloped), too much means its been overexposed (or overdeveloped). 11. As usually applied to wood of normal cellular form, density is the mass per unit volume of wood substance enclosed within the boundary surfaces of a wood- 12. (1) the weight of a material per unit volume; (2) a measurement of the transparency of a medium, as related to light transmission. 13. The degree of aggregation; the quantity of any entity distributed over an area per unit of areal measure, e.g., persons per acre, families per acre, or dwelling units per square mile.
густота всходов	stand 1. In silviculture and management, a tree community that possesses sufficient uniformity in composition, constitution, age, spatial arrangement, or condition to be distinguishable from adjacent communities. this tree community forms a silvicultural or manage 2. On" vessel судно, идущее прежним курсом или галсом
густота посадки	row spacing In timber construction, the distance between rows of bolts or similar fastenings measured from center to center of the rows. royal 1. a cedar shingle, about 24 in. (61 cm) long and 1?2 in. (1.25 cm) thick at the butt. 2. in military architecture, an especially strongly-defended medieval fort. royal institute of

	british architects (riba) founded in 1835, the riba has been the authoritative organization for the profession
<b>густота стояния растений</b>	<p>population</p> <p>1. A definable set of individual units to which the findings from statistical examination of a sample subset are intended to be applied. the population will generally much outnumber the sample. in re-randomisation statistics the process of applying inference</p> <p>2. See stock.</p> <p>3. A collection of units being studied. units can be people, places, objects, epochs, drugs, procedures, or many other things. much of statistics is concerned with estimating numerical properties (parameters) of an entire population from a random sample of units from the population.</p> <p>4. A group or number of people living within a specified area or sharing similar characteristics (such as occupation or age).</p> <p>5. Население; народонаселение; генеральная совокупность (в выборочном наблюдении); популяция (биол)</p> <p>6. Население</p> <p>7. 1. the number of people living in a country or town population statistics show that the birth rate is slowing down. the government has decided to screen the whole population of the area. 2. the number of patients in hospital the hospital population in the area has fallen below 10,000.</p> <p>8. Популяция</p>
<b>давать осадок</b>	<p>deposit</p> <p>1. Dépôt</p> <p>2. Момент, когда продавец формирует (закрывает) batch-файл и посылает транзакции для завершения (settlement). чтобы уменьшить процент (discount rate), вычитаемый эквайером, batch-файлы должны закрываться раз в день.</p> <p>3. (депозит) деньги, внесенные на счет, для дальнейших операций;</p> <p>4. Осадок, отстой</p> <p>5. Деньги, внесенные на счет для дальнейших операций.</p> <p>6. Депозит, вклад</p> <p>7. A substance which is attached to part of the body some foods leave a hard deposit on teeth. a deposit of fat forms on the walls of the arteries. verb to attach a substance to part of the body fat is deposited on the walls of the arteries.</p>
<b>давать оценку</b>	assess v
<b>давать почки</b>	germinate
<b>двулетник</b>	biennial
<b>двухрядный картофелеуборочный комбайн</b>	two-row potato harvester
<b>делать сладким</b>	sweetened
<b>дерн</b>	<p>sod</p> <p>1. Support orbital docking</p> <p>2. Sed i men t oxygen demand</p> <p>3. The upper layer of soil covered by grass and containing the grass roots.</p> <p>soda-acid fire extinguisher one that discharges water under the pressure of carbon dioxide gas produced by mixing acid and soda when the extinguisher is activated; the water may contain unreacted acid or soda.</p> <p>grass</p> <p>1. Травяная посадочная площадка</p> <p>2. Geographic resource analysis support system</p>
<b>дерновая почва</b>	sod soil
<b>дерновый грунт с перегноем</b>	<p>mulch</p> <p>Material such as leaves, hay, straw, or the like, spread over the surface of the ground to protect the roots of newly planted shrubs or trees, of tender plants, etc., from the sun or from the cold.</p>

<b>дернообразование</b>	sod formatio
<b>дикое растение</b>	wilding
<b>дикорастущее растение</b>	wild plant
<b>дисковая борона</b>	disk harrow
<b>дисковое орудие</b>	disk 1. (crop science) an tractor-drawn implement composed of circular plates arranged at an angle with the soil. used to prepare the soil for seeding. 2. A flat circular plate, coated with a magnetic material, on which data may be stored by 3. Preferred usage (spelling) of the term for reference to magnetic media, such as floppy and hard disks. 4. A flat circular plate, coated with a magnetic material, on which data may be stored by selective magnetization of portions of the surface. may be a flexible, floppy disc or rigid hard disk. it could also be a plastic compact disc (cd) or digital video disc (dvd).
<b>длительность действия пестицида</b>	persistence of pesticide
<b>длительный севооборот</b>	continuous crop rotatio
<b>довсходовая культивация</b>	pre-emergence cultivatio
<b>доминирующая форма</b>	dominant 1. Господствующий, преобладающий 2. (of an allele) having the characteristic that leads to the trait which it controls being shown in any individual carrying it. compare recessive comment: since each physical trait is governed by two genes, if one is recessive and the other dominant, the resulting trait will be that of the dominant gene. 3. Dominante
<b>дополнительная посадка</b>	interplanting
<b>дремлющий</b>	dormant
<b>дробл</b>	ground grai
<b>дуст</b>	dust 1. Poussière 2. Пыль (метеосообщение) 3. Duststorm 4. A great enhancer of atmosphere with a little wind and back light and considerable care to protect the camera.
<b>единообразно</b>	uniformly
<b>естественная среда</b>	habitat 1. The irresistable compulsion to crochet. ex my habitat is a blessing for making doileys for xmas. example my habitat is a blessing for making xmas presents. 2. The place where an organism lives.
<b>жевательный табак</b>	chewing tobacco
<b>живой инвентарь</b>	livestock Домашний скот
<b>жидкое удобрение</b>	fertilizer liquid
<b>жизненный уровень</b>	standard of living -
<b>жизненный цикл</b>	biocycle
<b>жизнестойкость</b>	resilience 1. The property whereby a strained body gives up its stored energy on the removal of the deforming force. 2. The ability of a body that has been subjected to an external force to recover its size and shape, following deformation.  hardiness
<b>жирность</b>	fat content



<b>жмых подсолнечника</b>	sunflower meal
<b>жучок</b>	beetle A heavy mallet or rammer; used for driving stones into pavement, for driving wedges, etc.; a maul. beggin, begging 1. a dwelling of larger size than a cottage. 2. in the north of england and in scotland, a house. 3. a term especially applied to a hut covered with mud or turf. beit hilani 1. in northern syria, a type of palace
<b>зброшенная пашня</b>	fallow (crop science) cropland left idle during the growing season.
<b>завязей</b>	drop 1. (petite) chute en marche 2. A small quantity of liquid that falls or is produced in a more or less spherical mass; a liquid globule 3. Точка подключения оборудования пользователя к кабельной системе 4. Сбрасывание (груза) 5. A cable that delivers service to an individual customer. 6. 1. a small quantity of liquid 2. a sudden reduction or fall in the quantity of something a drop in pressure plural
<b>завязывать плоды</b>	to set the fruits
<b>заглубляться</b>	penetrate To advance the ball behind opposing defenders (between them and their goal).
<b>заготовливать сено</b>	hay
<b>загрязнение окружающей среды</b>	environmental pollutio
<b>загрязняющий агент</b>	pollutant A substance which causes pollution
<b>загущение</b>	thicken
<b>задернение</b>	sod formatio
<b>заиливать</b>	silt up
<b>закладывать в почву</b>	bury 1. Г. бери (метроп. граф. большой манчестер, анлия, великобритания) 2. Похоронить
<b>закупки</b>	procurement Закупка
<b>закустаривание</b>	bushing 1. A fitting that's threaded inside and outside that joins pipes of different sizes. 2. A short, externally threaded connector with a smaller size internal thread.
<b>заменяемая жирная кислота</b>	acid 1. Acide 2. Кислота 3. In a restricted sense, any substance containing hydrogen in combination with a nonmetal or nonmetallic radical and capable of producing hydrogen ions in solution. 4. A substance which, when dissolved in water, forms a solution, with a ph of less than 5. Acido 6. A chemical compound containing hydrogen, which reacts with an alkali to form a salt and water
<b>замер</b>	measurement 1. Set of operations having the object of determining a value of a quantity (1) 2. Измерение. система мер. 3. Измерение; замер 4. The size, length, etc. of something which has been measured

<b>заморозки при сухой погоде</b>	black frost
<b>занимать какое</b>	rank 1. (о странице) - занимать определенную позицию в выдаче поисковика 2. Сорт угля (в соответствии с процентным содержанием углерода и теплотворной способностью) см. также grade
<b>заносный сорняк</b>	carried weed
<b>запас почвенной влаги</b>	soil moisture storage
<b>запахивать</b>	plow under turn under cover 1. (wildlife science) vegetation or other natural shelter serving to conceal wildlife from predators. 2. A confidence interval is said to cover if the interval contains the true value of the parameter. before the data are collected, the chance that the confidence interval will contain the parameter value is the coverage probability, which equals the confidence level after the data are collected and the confidence interval is actually computed. 3. Cutoff velocity and range
<b>запечатывать</b>	seal 1. A device designed to prevent the movement of fluid from one area to another, or to exclude contaminants. 2. Уплотнение, герметизация; уплотнитель; изолирующий слой
<b>зарастание сорняками</b>	weed invasio
<b>заселенность вредителями</b>	pest colonizatio
<b>засеянный семенами одного колоса или одной мет</b>	head row
<b>заслуживающий доверие</b>	reliable Надежный
<b>засоленная почва</b>	saline soil -
<b>засор</b>	infestation 1. The establishment of insects or other animals in timber. 2. The fact of having large numbers of parasites, or an invasion of the body by parasites the condition is caused by infestation of the hair with lice.
<b>защита окружающей среды</b>	environmental protectio
<b>защита от ветровой эрозии</b>	wind protectio
<b>защита посевов</b>	crop protectio
<b>зел</b>	herbage
<b>землепашество</b>	husbandry The farming practice of breeding and raising fish stock.
<b>земля под культурой</b>	cropped land
<b>земля под паром</b>	fallow land
<b>земля с нарушенным покровом</b>	disturbed land
<b>зеркало грунтовых вод</b>	groundwater level At a particular site, the level below which the subsoil and rock masses of the earth are fully saturated with water.

<b>зерновая культура</b>	grain 1. 1. the general direction of the fibres or wood elements relative to the main axis of the piece. 2. The direction, size, arrangement, appearance, or quality of the fibers in wood. 3. Зерно, зернистость. характеристика фотоматериала или процесса его проявления 4. "гран". 5. Зерно; гранула; элемент заряда; шашка 6. Зерновая (при обозначении вместимости) 7. Silver particles that remain on the film after processing to form an image. usually, the faster the film, the coarser the grain, the less the definition. 8. The appearance or echoes of the silver crystals in film in the final negative or positive image. the larger the area of the grain in the film emulsion, the more sensitive the film is to light; the more sensitive it is to light the "faster" it is. larger grains are manifest in the image as mottled or salt-and-pepper clumps of light and dark tones, usually apparent in very fast films on visual inspection, in slow films upon extreme magnification. grain is most easily seen as non-uniform density in areas sharing the same tone (such as a gray sky.) 9. 1. a very small piece of something hard such as salt 2. a measure of weight equal to 0.0648 grams. symbol gr 10. The direction, size, arrangement, appearance, or quality of the fibers in wood or lumber
<b>зимостойкий</b>	winterhardy
<b>зона морозостойкости</b>	hardiness zone
<b>зона рискованного земледелия</b>	area of risk farming
<b>зрелый плод</b>	mellow fruit
<b>избыточная влага</b>	excess moisture
<b>известковое удобрение</b>	lime Chaux
<b>излишнее количество</b>	excess Too much of a substance the gland was producing an excess of hormones. the body could not cope with an excess of blood sugar. in excess of more than short men who weigh in excess of 100 kilos are very overweight.
<b>измельченное в порошок</b>	powder 1. Talc or other fine particle substance used to reduce friction between a hand bridge and the cue 2. Порошок; порох 3. A medicine in the form of a fine dry dust made from particles of drugs he took a powder to help his indigestion or he took an indigestion powder.
<b>илистое отложение</b>	silt 1. Signalling link terminal 2. Contaminant particles 5 µm and less in size.
<b>иловатый суглинок</b>	clay loam
<b>имеющий какую</b>	stained
<b>инвазия</b>	invasion The entry of bacteria into a body, or the first attack of a disease
<b>инкубационный период болезни растений</b>	incubative period of a plant disease
<b>интенсивный выпас</b>	intensive grazing
<b>интервал между</b>	irrigation frequency
<b>интервал севооборота</b>	rotation interval
<b>испытанный агропри</b>	approved practice

<b>ИСТОЧ</b>	draw 1. The amount of progress billings on a contract that is currently available to a contractor under a contract with a fixed payment schedule. 2. Bottom spin (backspin) put on the cue ball by a draw shot 3. A game that ends with a tied score. 4. A step during the optical fiber manufacturing process in which a consolidated preform is loaded into a high temperature furnace and "drawn down" to the diameter of an optical fiber's cladding, then cooled
<b>исходная почва</b>	antecedent soil
<b>калийный</b>	potassic
<b>капустница</b>	cabbage white butterfly
<b>карликовое растение</b>	dwarf
<b>картофелекопатель</b>	potatoe lifter
<b>каток для предпосевного прикатывания почвы</b>	tilth roll
<b>кислотнo</b>	acid-base balance
<b>клубен</b>	nodule 1. 1. a small node or group of cells. bohn's nodules 2. the anterior part of the inferior vermis 2. Nodulo
<b>колорадский жук</b>	potato beetle
<b>колошение</b>	earing
<b>кольцевая хромосома</b>	circular chromosome
<b>комбаин</b>	harvester 1. Harvesting machine classifications, multifunction machines 2. Self-propelled multifunction machine that may be capable of operating as a swath cutter but also performs chipping and/or forwarding functions in addition to felling (35).
<b>компост для рассады</b>	propagation compost
<b>компостирование</b>	digestion 1. Digesti&#243;n 2. The process by which food is broken down in the alimentary canal into components which can be absorbed by the body
<b>конкуренетоспособность</b>	competitive ability
<b>консервирующее вещество</b>	preservative 1. Any substance that is effective in preventing , for a reasonable period of time, the development and action of fungi, borer and insect attack in wood. 2. The best yogurt brands have no preservatives, and are fresher. preservatives are added to extend the shelf life of a yogurt. 3. Any substance that, for a reasonable length of time, is effective in preventing the development and action of wood&#8209;rotting fungi, borers of various kinds, and harmful insects that deteriorate wood.
<b>концентрация питательных веществ</b>	nutrient intensity
<b>копноподборщик</b>	shock gatherer
<b>кормoпроизводство</b>	forage productio
<b>корневая подкормка</b>	soil dressing
<b>коровник</b>	cowshed
<b>косить траву на сено</b>	make hay
<b>косточковый плод</b>	stone fruit
<b>котироваться</b>	rank 1. (о странице) - занимать определенную позицию в выдаче поисковика 2. Сорт угля (в соответствии с процентным содержанием углерода и

	теплотворной способностью) см. также grade
<b>край поля</b>	headland
<b>крахмалистый</b>	starchy A law that the contraction of the ventricles is in proportion to the length of the ventricular muscle fibres at the end of diastole
<b>крупносеменной</b>	large seeded
<b>крупносерийный</b>	high-volume
<b>крупный орех</b>	cob 1. Closing of business 2. A mixture of straw, gravel, and unburnt clay; used esp. for walls. cobble, cobblestone 1. a rock fragment between 21/2 and 10 in. (64 and 256 mm) in diameter, used for rough paving, walls, and foundations. 2. coarse aggregate for concrete, having a nominal size in the range 3 to 6 in. (75 to 150 mm).
<b>культиваторная лапа</b>	hoe
<b>культура на зел</b>	haylage
<b>культура на зеленое удобрение</b>	green manure crop
<b>кустовая плодовая или ягодная культура</b>	small fruit
<b>кусты</b>	prune
<b>лабораторное исследование</b>	bench test
<b>ландшафтный дизайн</b>	landscaping
<b>ларь для почвенных образцов</b>	soil container
<b>легкая почва</b>	light soil
<b>легкий суглинок</b>	sandy loam
<b>легко укореняющийся</b>	easy to-root
<b>лекарственное растение</b>	drug plant
<b>лесной опад</b>	forest litter
<b>лесовозобновление</b>	afforestation Establishment of forest crops by artificial methods, such as planting or sowing on land where trees have never grown (28).
<b>лесонасаждение</b>	afforestation Establishment of forest crops by artificial methods, such as planting or sowing on land where trees have never grown (28).
<b>летнее похолодание</b>	killing frosts sy summer killing
<b>листовой паразит</b>	foliar parasite
<b>листовой табак</b>	tobacco in leaf
<b>луговина</b>	meadow
<b>лугопастбищное угодье</b>	grassland
<b>льняное семя</b>	linseed
<b>масличность</b>	oil content Удельное содержание нефти (во вмещающей породе). количество извлекаемых запасов нефти, приходящихся на единицу объема вмещающих пород.
<b>массовый вид</b>	dominant 1. Господствующий, преобладающий 2. (of an allele) having the characteristic that leads to the trait which it controls being shown in any individual carrying it. compare recessive comment: since each physical trait is governed by two genes, if one is recessive and the other

	dominant, the resulting trait will be that of the dominant gene. 3. Dominante
<b>материальный запас</b>	inventory Management-volume inventory
<b>машина для внесения жидких азотных удобрений</b>	nitroshooter
<b>машина для внесения навозной жижи</b>	fluid manure spreader
<b>машина для внесения удобрений в междурядья</b>	row applicator
<b>машина для внесения ядохимикатов на дно борозды</b>	furrow applicator
<b>междурядная обработка</b>	inter-row cultivatio
<b>междурядная обработка почвы</b>	inter row tillage
<b>междурядная подкормка</b>	side dressing
<b>междурядный</b>	inter-row
<b>мелиор</b>	lift 1. A lift is the picking up and placing of a container. when a truck delivers a container at an intermodal terminal, it is brought alongside the wagon onto which the container is to be loaded. the container is then lifted from the truck onto the wagon and secured. with inbound freight, the container is lifted from the wagon onto the truck. 2. Lift is a term used to describe a fragrance that has life and brilliance. 3. Подъемная сила 4. Lead-in fighter training 5. London (stratford) international freight 6. An enabling wind shift that allows a close hauled sailboat to point up from its current course to a more favorable one. this is the opposite of a header. 7. 1. a particular way of carrying an injured or unconscious person a fourhanded lift a shoulder lift 2. a cosmetic operation to remove signs of age or to change a body feature a face lift
<b>мелкий песок</b>	grit 1. A person who takes no interest in personal hygiene example 2. Contaminant that may be found in whole-tree chips. presence of grit above a specified percentage makes chips undesirable for pulp and paper manufacture unless removed. usually found in bark of trees prior to chipping, or may be accumulated as the trees ar 3. A granular abrasive material (e.g., consisting of particles of aluminum oxide or silicon carbide) which is used to coat cloth, paper, or wheels for sanding, grinding, or polishing; also used to provide a nonslip finish to a surface.
<b>мелкоделяночный опыт</b>	small plot technique
<b>мера земельной площади</b>	land measure
<b>мера чувствительности</b>	threshold 1. Seuil 2. The smallest input value to a sensor which will cause the sensor to respond. commonly used with mechanical wind sensors to describe the wind speed necessary to cause the anemometer and wind vane to turn. 3. The bottom metal or wood plate of an exterior door frame. generally they are adjustable to keep a tight fit with the door slab. 4. Порог, точка, в которой процесс начинается или изменяется. пороговые установки при сканировании черно-белых изображений определяют, какие пиксели должны быть сконвертированы в черные, а какие с в белые. в нерезком маскировании порог определяет, каким долж 5. Порог; пороговое значения 6. Порог; входная кромка впп 7. A defined pass or fail value, i.e., the maximum or minimum value of insertion

	<p>loss in db or dbm</p> <p>8. The input level at which lasing begins during excitation of the laser medium.</p> <p>9. Лимит, предел</p> <p>10. 1. the point at which something starts, e.g. where something can be perceived by the body or where a drug starts to have an effect she has a low hearing threshold. 2. the point at which a sensation is strong enough to be sensed by the sensory nerves '...if intracranial pressure rises above the treatment threshold, it is imperative first to validate the reading and then to eliminate any factors exacerbating the rise in pressure' [british journal of hospital medicine]</p>
<b>место распространения</b>	<p>habitat</p> <p>1. The irresistible compulsion to crochet. ex my habitat is a blessing for making doileys for xmas. example my habitat is a blessing for making xmas presents.</p> <p>2. The place where an organism lives.</p>
<b>место семени в стручке</b>	<p>bed</p> <p>1. A piece of furniture upon which or within which a person sleeps, rests, or stays when not well</p> <p>2. The bottom of a river, or watercourse, or any body of water, such as the seabed.</p> <p>3. To level and buffer the ground along the line on which a tree is to be felled to minimize shattering of the timber (26).</p> <p>4. The playing surface of the table</p> <p>5. Basic engineering development (phase)</p>
<b>метод мелиорации земель</b>	conservation practice
<b>метод скашивания</b>	mowing practice
<b>методы защиты растений</b>	plant protection measures
<b>методы полива</b>	irrigation practice
<b>механическая обработка почвы</b>	tillage operations
<b>милдью</b>	<p>mildew</p> <p>1. Microscopic fungi, the spores of which can cause asthma in some people. cladosporium and alternaria spores are most allergenic.</p> <p>2. A fungal growth that does not cause deep discoloration of the wood. associated with mould, it usually appears as tiny black spots that cover the timber surface.</p> <p>3. A fungus that grows and feeds on paint, cotton and linen fabric, etc., which are exposed to moisture; causes discoloration and decomposition of the surface.</p>
<b>многоотраслевое хозяйство</b>	mixed farming
<b>многопольный севооборот</b>	multiple crop rotatio
<b>молодое растение</b>	nursling
<b>молодой побег</b>	<p>draw</p> <p>1. The amount of progress billings on a contract that is currently available to a contractor under a contract with a fixed payment schedule.</p> <p>2. Bottom spin (backspin) put on the cue ball by a draw shot</p> <p>3. A game that ends with a tied score.</p> <p>4. A step during the optical fiber manufacturing process in which a consolidated preform is loaded into a high temperature furnace and "drawn down" to the diameter of an optical fiber's cladding, then cooled</p>
<b>морфология почвы</b>	soil morphology
<b>мотылек</b>	moth
<b>мощность прорастания</b>	seeding vigor
<b>мука простого помола</b>	<p>meal</p> <p>1. The 4th meal of the day, eaten after dinner, usually around 2am. very common among college students and bar patrons. example you wanna go get</p>

	meal after last call? 2. Comida 3. Food eaten at a particular time
<b>мука с высоким содержанием белка</b>	high protein meal
<b>мукомольное производство</b>	flour manufacture
<b>мукомольный комбинат</b>	mill A building or site that accommodates a manufacturing
<b>мякинная оболочка</b>	husk
<b>мясистый плод</b>	berry
<b>навоз со скотного двора</b>	barnyard manure
<b>надземная часть</b>	above-ground part
<b>надземная часть растений</b>	herb 1. The h is not silent. hip synonym for dork or nerd. example did you see that guy in the hootie shirt? what a herb. 2. Hierba 3. A plant which can be used in preparing medicines
<b>накапливать</b>	store 1. Запас; хранилище; наружная подвеска; запоминающее устройство 2. A general term for provisions, materials and supplies used aboard ship for the maintenance of the crew, and for the navigation, propulsion and upkeep of the vessel and its equipment.
<b>налив автоцистерны</b>	tank-truck loading operatio
<b>налитое зерно</b>	laden kernel
<b>насекомое вредитель</b>	crop pest
<b>населяющий данную местность</b>	inhabitant
<b>наследуемые признаки</b>	heritage
<b>наступление леса</b>	forest invasio
<b>насыщать воздухом почву</b>	aerate To introduce air into soil or water by natural or artificial means.
<b>насыщенный минеральными веществами</b>	mineral 1. A naturally occurring, inorganic, crystalline solid with a definite internal structure and chemical composition. 2. An inorganic substance comment: the most important minerals required by the body are: calcium (found in cheese, milk and green vegetables) which helps the growth of bones and encourages blood clotting; iron (found in bread and liver) which helps produce red blood cells; phosphorus (found in bread and fish) which helps in the growth of bones and the metabolism of fats; iodine (found in fish) which is essential to the functioning of the thyroid gland.
<b>начало роста</b>	germinatio
<b>начало цветения</b>	initial blossom
<b>не сортовой</b>	no-grade
<b>не чувствительный к кислороду</b>	oxygent-tolerant
<b>неблагоприятные условия</b>	adverse conditions
<b>небывало большой урожай</b>	bumper yield
<b>невыровненный сорт</b>	changeable variety
<b>недозревший плод</b>	immature fruit



<b>недостаток питательных веществ</b>	nutrient lack
<b>недостаточное развитие</b>	malformation An unusual variation in the shape, structure or development of something
<b>незараж</b>	virusfree
<b>незрелая почва</b>	abnormal soil
<b>некрогенный</b>	necrogenic
<b>необратимость эволюции</b>	irreversibility of evolution
<b>необратимые последствия</b>	irreversible consequence
<b>необходимое условие</b>	requirement 1. Требование 2. Something which is necessary one of the requirements of the position is a qualification in pharmacy. res abbr reticuloendothelial system
<b>необходимые качества</b>	making
<b>неоднородность почвы</b>	soil heterogeneity
<b>неосвоенная земля</b>	undeveloped land
<b>неплодородная почва</b>	poor soil
<b>непортящийся</b>	imperishable
<b>неправильное формирование</b>	malformation An unusual variation in the shape, structure or development of something
<b>неразвитый профиль</b>	immature profile
<b>нерельефный</b>	flat 1. Smooth-sided, older style subway car preferred by graffiti artists example my mural was done on a flat. 2. A flat fragrance is like a flat beer – no body, no lift, uninteresting. 3. Монтажный лист, монтаж, лист монтажной основы со смонтированными на нем фотоформами, предназначенный для экспонирования на формную пластину 4. (флет) (плоскость) период времени, при котором цена не повышается и не падает; или нейтральное положение, когда закрыты все позиции (еще называется square, квадрат); 5. Ненадутый (о надувном средстве, пневматике); плоский 6. Ненадутый, ненаполненный (о надувном средстве, пневматике) 7. Flight plan aided tracking 8. Плоский; ненадутый, нена- •полненный (о надувном средстве, пневматике) 9. «плоскость», т. е. цена, которая ни повышается, ни падает. или нейтральное положение, когда закрыты все позиции. 10. Low in contrast, usually caused by underexposure or underdevelopment of film. flat light shows no change in brightness value throughout the entire scene. 11. Zero base curvature or flat surface.
<b>нижняя часть растения</b>	bottom 1. Below-center hit on the cue ball 2. 1. the underside of a vessel; the portion of a vessel that is always underwater; . 3. 1. the part of the body on which you sit. buttock 2. the anus (informal )
<b>низкорослый</b>	dwarfish
<b>норма расхода пестицида</b>	pesticide consumption rate
<b>нормализованный</b>	standardized
<b>обедн</b>	lea Long-endurance aircraft

<b>оберегать от чего</b>	smth Smooth
<b>обеспечить кого</b>	for smb
<b>обильный урожай</b>	heavy yield
<b>обмолот</b>	thresh
<b>обмолоченное зерно</b>	threshed grai
<b>обобщ</b>	general profile
<b>обогащенный продукт</b>	concentrate A solution from which water has been removed verb 1. concept 84 to give full attention to something 2. to concentrate on to examine something in particular 3. to reduce a solution and increase its strength by evaporation
<b>обогреватель</b>	heater 1. Gun. example when the cops tried to arrest her, she showed them her heater. 2. Обогреватель; нагреватель
<b>обогревающий</b>	heating Нагрев, нагревание; обогрев, отопление нтк head tank напорный бак
<b>оборудование для сбора урожая</b>	cradle 1. Large metal brackets or a wood framework made to hold small chunks, poles, or pieces of pulpwood being bundled for transport (19). 2. A metal frame put over a person in bed to keep the weight of the bedclothes off the body verb to carry a child with one arm under the thigh and the other under the upper back
<b>обрабатываемая земля</b>	tilth
<b>обрабатываемый слой</b>	tilled layer
<b>обработка пахотных земель</b>	arable land cultivatio
<b>обработка почвы</b>	tillage
<b>обработка почвы с заданной направленностью борозд</b>	oriented tillage
<b>обработка с минимальным числом рыхлений</b>	minimum tillage
<b>образование почвенной корки</b>	panning 1. A shooting technique where the subject is followed during exposure; generally done with a slow shutter speed. 2. The act of using a slow shutter speed, and moving the camera in the same direction as a moving subject, during the exposure to create a blurred background. see panning tips here.
<b>образовывать корку</b>	seal 1. A device designed to prevent the movement of fluid from one area to another, or to exclude contaminants. 2. Уплотнение, герметизация; уплотнитель; изолирующий слой
<b>обуславливается</b>	to be due to
<b>общий выход продукции</b>	gross yield
<b>общий суммарный</b>	total Полный; общий; суммарный
<b>оводнение</b>	irrigation 1. Lawn sprinkler system. 2. The practice of bringing water to crops. 3. The washing out of a cavity in the body

<b>овсяная мука грубого помола</b>	grit 1. A person who takes no interest in personal hygiene example 2. Contaminant that may be found in whole-tree chips. presence of grit above a specified percentage makes chips undesirable for pulp and paper manufacture unless removed. usually found in bark of trees prior to chipping, or may be accumulated as the trees ar 3. A granular abrasive material (e.g., consisting of particles of aluminum oxide or silicon carbide) which is used to coat cloth, paper, or wheels for sanding, grinding, or polishing; also used to provide a nonslip finish to a surface.
<b>одичавшее растение</b>	wilding
<b>однолетний саженец</b>	yearling
<b>однооборотная культура</b>	monoculture An environment that has a single species of animal or plant dominant, usually associated with the artificial environments created by intensive agriculture
<b>озерн</b>	kernel percentage
<b>озимая пшеница</b>	winter wheat
<b>озимый</b>	winter-annual
<b>Глоссарии бюро переводов Фларус</b> <a href="http://glossary-of-terms.ru/">http://glossary-of-terms.ru/</a>	